SECTION IV.—RIVERS AND FLOODS.

RIVERS AND FLOODS, MARCH, 1918.

By ALFRED J. HENRY, Meteorologist.

[Dated: River and Flood Division, Weather Bureau, Apr. 30, 1918.]

ICE.

On February 28 the ice had passed out of the great majority of streams. The ice broke up and passed out of the Missouri River from Sioux City, Iowa, to the headwaters during the second and third decades of the month. There was practically no damage. On the upper Missis-

sippi likewise the ice went out without gorging.

The breaking up of the ice in Michigan rivers was finally accomplished in March, although the rivers had reached flood stage with an unbroken ice cover in February.1 The official in charge of the Saginaw, Mich., Weather Bureau Office reports that the Saginaw River rose to 1.6 above flood stage before the ice sheet broke up. There was no gorging of consequence, although damages to cellars and business property in the Grand Rapids district along the river in February and March by overflow water is estimated as follows: Buildings, including factories, \$36,450; crops, \$700; suspension of business, \$82,500. Value of warnings, \$25,450. In the Saginaw, Mich., district property loss was about \$56,500 and loss due to suspension of business \$40,000. In New England the usual heavy ice formed and passed off without damage. In northern New York ice began to break up and go out in February. A gorge formed below Schenectady on the Mohawk River. Fortunately the absence of rainfall during the last half of March prevented serious damage to Schenectady property. Local ice gorges in the Hudson in the neighborhood of Albany caused some loss and inconvenience but no serious loss. The property loss in the Mohawk valley due to ice gorges is estimated at \$3,500.

River ice in the Susquehanna in southeastern New York was unusually heavy; it began to break up as early as February 28, when long shallow gorges were formed in the vicinity of Binghampton. These passed out on March 14–17 without serious damage.

RAIN FLOODS.

The most important flood of the month was in the Ohio between Pittsburgh, Pa., and the lower reaches of the river. See Table 3. This flood was the result of a single rainstorm which passed over the watershed from west to east on the 13th-14th. The rains over the upper watershed started a flood in both tributaries of the Ohio in western Pennsylvania and a moderate flood wave passed downstream, decreasing in volume as it reached the lower river and not causing even a flood stage at Cairo, Ill., at the mouth of the river.

The property loss due to this flood in the Pittsburgh district was mainly due to flooded cellars and suspension of business; it is estimated that the total loss was \$25,000.

In the Cincinnati district damage of about \$100,000 was sustained mainly in the Kanawha, Elk, and Gauley valleys.

A moderate flood occurred in the James River of Virginia due to the same rainstorm that caused the Ohio flood. The damage at Richmond, Va., amounted to about \$1,000. A sudden flood occurred on the Guadalupe River of Texas on the 29th, due to heavy rains over a limited area. The loss to crops is estimated at \$200; live stock, \$600; total, \$800.

The usual tabular matter follows:

TABLE 1 .- Flood stages in Atlantic drainage during March, 1918.

River and station.	Flood	Above flood stages—dates.		Crest.	
	stage.	From—	то—	Stage.	Date.
	Feet.			Feet.	
Connecticut: White River Junction, Vt	13	23	23	13.0	28
Mohawk: Schenectady, N. Y	15	23	23	15.9	23
Bainbridge, N. Y	11	(ł) ₇	3 8	16.9 14.4	* 27
		14	15	12.8	14
Harrisburg, Pa	17	l		15.8	16
Towanda, Pa	16	15	15	16.9	15
Wilkes-Barre, Pa	20	15	16	28.0	15
Waterville De	13	1		11.8	14
Chenango: Sherburne, N. Y	8	(f) ₇	4 7	9.5 8.6	* 26-27 7
Chemung: Corning, N. Y	16	14	14	18.8	14
Buchanan, Va.	15	14	14	17.0	14
Buchanan, Va	l īš	15	15	21.4	15
Richmond, Va	10	l		9.6	16

* February.

† Continued from February.

TABLE 2 .- Flood stages in Great Lakes drainage during March, 1918.

River and station.	Flood	Above flood stages—dates.		Crest.	
	stage.	From—	Т0-	Stage.	Date.
	Feet.			Feet.	
Maumee: Fort Wayne, Ind	15	1		13.5	15
Shiawassee: Chesaning, Mich.	17	1		14.6	18
Flint: Fosters, Mich	18	15	15	18.0	15
Saginaw: Saginaw, Mich	19	16	20	23.5	22
TV		10		20.0	
Midland, Mich	12	19	25	18.0	21
Paines, Mich	20	1	20	18.7	21
Pine: Alma, Mich.		15	16	7.4	16
I IIIC. AIIIIG, MICH		18	24	8.9	21
Chippewa: Mount Pleasant, Mich	111	20	25	12.9	21-22
Cass: Vassar, Mich.	1 14	14	24	17.0	21-22
Grand:	1.3	1 12	24	17.0	41
Eston Rapids, Mich	6	1 (4)	3	7.0	*28
Eston Rapids, Mich		(†) ₁₄	18		
Lonsing, Mich	١,,,	14	18	9.0 16.7	14
Grand Ledge, Mich	11		15		15
Grand Ledge, Mich	6	,1	6	10.5	5
Dankland Mah		14	20	11.0	15
Portland, Mich	12	<u>-</u> -		11.5	16
Ionia, Mich	21	<u>.1</u>	1	21.0	_1
7	!	15	20	24.1	17
Lowell, Mich	15	1	3	15.2	1
		15	21	18.1	17
Grand Rapids, Mich	11	(†)	7	15.8	*21
	۱ ـ	14	24	16.4	18
Red Cedar: East Lansing, Mich	8	1	1	8.8	_1
	l	13	19	12.0	15

TABLE 3 .- Flood stages in Mississippi drainage during March, 1918.

River and station. Pittsburgh, Pa	Feet. 22 25 26 30 36 43	From—	To— 16	Stage,	Date.
Pittsburgh, Pa. Pavis Island Pam (Bellevue, Pa.) Dam No. 2 (Coraopolis, Pa.) Beaver Dam (Beaver, Pa.) Dam No. 12 (near Wheeling, W. Va.) Dam No. 13 (near Wheeling, W. Va.)	22 25 26 30 36 43	15	16	Feet	
Dam No. 2 (Coraopolis, Pa.) Beaver Dam (Beaver, Pa.) Dam No. 12 (near Wheeling, W. Va.) Dam No. 13 (near Wheeling, W. Va.)	25 26 30 36 43	15	10	Feet. 25.8	15
Dam No. 2 (Coraopolis, Pa.) Beaver Dam (Beaver, Pa.) Dam No. 12 (near Wheeling, W. Va.) Dam No. 13 (near Wheeling, W. Va.)	30 36 43			24.9	14
Beaver Dam (Beaver, Fa.) Dam No. 12 (near Wheeling, W. Va.) Dam No. 13 (near Wheeling, W. Va.) St. Marys, W. Va. Marietta, Ohio. Parkershurg, W. Va.	36 43	1 12	15 16	26. 6 36. 5	15 15
Dam No. 13 (near Wheeling, W. Va.) St. Marys, W. Va Marietta, Ohio Paykershurg, W. Va	43	15	10	34.8	16
St. Marys, W. Va				39.1	16
Parkersburg, W. Va.	38 33	17	17	34.4 34.0	17 17
	36			35.3	17
Pam No. 19 (near Tallman, W. Va	39			35. 9 39. 4	17 17
Point Pleasant. W. Va	42 40	14	18	46.9	18
Dam No. 26 (Hogsett, W. Va.)	50			49.8 48.2	18 18
Dam No. 28 (near Huntington, W. Va.).	50 50	15	16	52.3	16
Portsmouth, Ohio. Portsmouth, Ohio. Maysville, Ky. Concinnati, Ohio Madison, Ind. Cloverport, Ky. Henderson, Ky	5 <u>0</u>	15 16	17	52.1	10
Maysville, Ky	50 50	16 17	17 18	50.6 51.5	16-17 17
Madison, Ind.	46			41.7	18
Cloverport, Ky	40	20	21 3	40.5 37.8	*16-15
	33	(†)	24	35.1	2.
Mount Vernon, Ind	35	(†) 21	2 23	39.0 35.6	*18 22-23
Evansville, Ind		(†) 20	2 24	39.8 37.2	*17
Shawneetown, Ills	35	(†)	23	40. 2 35. 0	*25 23
Allegheny: Olean, N. Y. Franklin, Pa. Franklin, Pa. Parkers Landing, Pa. Mosgrove, Pa. Freeport, Pa. Franklin, Pa. Franklin, Pa. Franklin, Pa. Parion: Clarion, Pa. Parion: Clarion, Pa.	12	14	15	13.2	15
Franklin, Pa	15 18	15 15	15 15	16.0 19.0	18 18
Mosgrove. Pa	20	15	15	21.7	16
Freeport, Pa	22	15	15 15	24.5 27.0	15 15
Horrs Island Dam (Pittsburgh, Pa.)	27 22	15 15	16	27.2	18
MILION. CLUSTON, AMERICAN	12	15	15	12.2	18
Monongahela:	25	14	15	30, 4	1.
Greensboro, Pa	20	14	15	30.6	14
Lock No. 4, Pa.	31	14 13	15 14	37.8 13.6	14 18
Ineat: Rowlesburg, W. Va	12 9	14	16	13.3	13
Monongahela: Fairmont, W. Va Greensboro, Pa Lock No. 4, Pa Cheat: Rowlesburg, W. Va Shenango: Sharon, Pa Mahoning: Youngstown, Ohio	7			6.9	1.
Little Kanawha: Glenville, W. Va. Creston, W. Va. Muskingun: Marletta, Ohio. Tuscarawas: Norris Point, Ohio.	22	13	14	32.9	13
Creston, W. Va	20	14	15	32.0	14
Muskingum: Marietta, Ohio	36	2	2	35.7 8.7	1 1
Hocking: Athens, Ohio	17	14	14	17.4	1.
into:		1		10.6	} ;
Larue, Ohio	7	15	15	7.8	1
		13	13	25.4	1:
Charleston W Va	25 30	14	15	36.1	1-
Kanawha Falls, W. Va	17	14	14	20.4	1.
		(*)	13	40.0	1:
Sutton, W. Va	18	13	14	32.4	1 1
Wisconsin: Knowlton, Wis	12	21	23	12.9	2
Illinois: Peru, Ill		(‡)	(#;	21.8	*1
		(<u>t</u>)	(**) 25	13. 7 19. 7	*18-1 *2
Peoria, Ill	16 14	##	24	15.5	*24_2
Havana, IIIBeardstown, III	12	 ()	(**)	15.7	+2
Pearl, Ill	12			11.8	1-4
Mississippi: New Madrid. Mo	34			30.6	_ '
New Madrid, Mo	42			39.8	5
Missouri Basin.		24	24	12.0	2
Ree, N. Dak Bismarck, N. Dak	12 14		.	13.6	2
Running Water, S. Dak	16			14.8	2
Ree, N. Dak Bismarck, N. Dak Running Water, S. Dak Huron, S. Dak Omaha, Nebr	9			8.7 17.3	2 2 2
Biair, Neur		31	(**)	15.9	3
Yellowstone: Glendive, Mont	17	19	19	17.1	1
Arkansas Basin.	9			8.6	1_1_
Cache: Jelks, Ark	1 9	<u> </u>		1	<u></u>

^{*} February. † Continued from February.

TABLE 4.—Flood stages in other basins during March, 1918.

River and station.	Flood stage.	Above flood stages—dates.		Crest.	
		From-	то—	Stage.	Date.
West Gulf drainage. Guadalupe: Victoria, Tex	Feet. 16	29	29	Feet. 17.8	29
Salt River: Phoenix, Ariz	5 20	9 13	9 13	8.9 8.0 18.5	9 13 12

MEAN LAKE LEVELS DURING MARCH, 1918.

By United States Lake Survey.

[Dated: Detroit, Mich., Apr. 5, 1918.]

The following data are reported in the "Notice to Mariners" of the above date:

	Lakes.*					
Data.	Superior.	Michigan and Huron.	Erie.	Ontario.		
Mean level during March, 1918: Above mean sealevel at New York Above or below—	Feet . 601. 61	Feet. 581.06	Feet . 572.25	Feet. 246. 61		
Mean stage of February, 1918 Mean stage of March, 1917 Average stage for March last 10 years Highest recorded March stage Lowest recorded March stage	-0.71 +0.01	+0.21 +9.62 +1.18 -1.89 +1.95	+0.58 +0.67 +0.53 -1.60 +1.42	+0.63 +1.44 +0.89 -1.20 +2.31		
Average relation of the March level to— February level	-0.2 ±0.0	±0.0 -0.3	+0.1 -0.7	+0.2 -0.7		

^{*} Lake St. Clair's level: In March, 574.61 feet.

MEAN LAKE LEVELS DURING FEBRUARY, 1918.1

By United States Lake Survey.

[Dated: Detroit, Mich., Mar. 5, 1918.]

The following data are reported in the "Notice to Mariners" of the above date:

	Lakes.*				
Data.	Superior.	Michigan and Huron.	Erie,	Ontario.	
Liean level during February, 1918: Above mean sealevel at New York Above or below—	Feet.	Feet .	Feet.	Feet .	
	601. 71	580. 82	571.67	245. 98	
Mean stage of January, 1918	-0.22	+0.06	-0.21	-0.09	
	-0.68	+0.44	+0.32	+0.90	
years	0.07	+0.98	+0.09	+0.47	
	0.77	1.90	-2.08	-1.69	
	+0.95	+1.66	+1.04	+2.15	
Average relation of the February level to— January level. March level.	-0.2 +0.2	±0.0 ±0.0	±0.0 -0.1	+0.2 -0.2	

¹ This report received too late for February issue of the REVIEW. * Lake St. Clair's level: In February, 574.54 feet.

[#] No reading after March 26. Continued into April.